



How Many Tons Will YOU Use This Winter?

With coal selling at diamond prices, and a strong chance that prices will shoot still further skyward, it's a pretty important question.

It's a question of economy which the prospective stove buyer ought to stop right here and consider. If you save ten dollars on the purchase price of a stove, and it wastes that much fuel in the course of a year or two, you can see it's a pretty poor investment.

THE Estate Radiant Base Burner

costs a little more to buy than some other stoves, but ever so much less to support. The reason for its greater fuel economy lies in its larger radiating surface; its more effective circulating system; its perfect fire control. Other people make these claims, but we can prove them. Give us the opportunity—soon.



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POSTAL SAVINGS ARE TURNED INTO BONDS

If you are a depositor in the postal savings department of the government and want to exchange your funds for bonds, you must make application at the office issuing your certificates on or before December 1, 1913. The registered or coupon bonds are to be issued in denominations of \$20, \$100 and \$500, bearing interest from January 1, 1914, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent, payable semi-annually.

The postmaster supplies an application form for those who desire to exchange deposits for bonds. It must be made out in triplicate. The depositor indorses and surrenders with his application postal certificates covering the amount of the bonds desired, for which the postmaster gives a receipt.

The conversion of deposits into bonds at a date less than one year after the certificates began to bear interest forfeits interest on the deposits, as in the case of withdrawal for any other purpose.

Postal savings deposits converted into bonds are not counted as a part

of the maximum of \$500 allowed one depositor, and there is no limitation on the amount of available postal savings bonds which may be acquired finally by a depositor. The exchange is considered as effective on January 1, and a depositor who has applied to convert into bonds all or part of the maximum balance of \$500 may deposit an additional amount in January, though the bonds may not yet have been delivered.

Postal savings bonds can be procured only by the conversion of postal savings deposits and will not be issued to persons who are not depositors. They may be sold or assigned to any person, however, by the holder, and when a registered bond is assigned a new bond will be issued in the name of the owner.

On the application of any holder the board of trustees will purchase postal savings bonds at par. Registered bonds sent to the board for purchase must be assigned to the "board of trustees, postal savings system."

WINS PARIS BRIDE

Paris, Idaho, Nov. 19.—Fred Allred of Montpelier and Miss Mollie Thirle of this city were married here yesterday in the courthouse.

FACES FELONY CHARGE

Montpelier, Idaho, Nov. 19.—John Gunther was arrested today charged with felony. It is charged he broke a man's glasses with his fist, cutting the man's face severely.

DEVELOPING A GREAT COUNTRY

Western Part of Box Elder County Rapidly Being Improved.

Brigham City, Nov. 19.—The western part of Box Elder county is developing rapidly according to reports coming from that section. From current reports the thriving town of Strevell, just across the line in Idaho, will be connected up by rail within a year, when it has been promised by railroad officials that the Burley-Strevell cutoff will be completed.

The people of Strevell and Park Valley, in Box Elder county, are now agitating the movement for the installation of a telephone system, not alone in the immediate vicinity of the two towns, but also to connect up with the outside world by building a line from Kelton to Corinne, a distance of perhaps fifty miles. It is said that negotiations are under way by prominent citizens of Park Valley and Strevell for the purchase of the old pole line of the Western Union Telegraph company between Corinne and Kelton, which now stands in an abandoned condition, and equip the same for telephone use. This would mean the extension of the line from Kelton to Park Valley and southern Idaho. The western part of Box Elder county has no telephone connection at present with the outside.

Prominent Strevell citizens are also talking of an electric light plant for that bustling town. According to conservative estimates, a plant with sufficient capacity to supply that town for many years can be installed for \$5000 or \$6000. Numerous wells in the Round Mountain district, not far from Strevell, could be equipped with pumps, it is argued, and with the application of electricity, a great deal of water for all uses could be procured by pumping.

A company has been formed in Druehl, in Park Valley, which intends erecting a large hotel in that town for the purpose of taking care of the many homeseekers who are constantly traversing that section of the country.

BUSH'S DECISION AWAITED BY BOISE

Boise, Nov. 19.—Southern and southwestern Idaho are awaiting with expectancy an announcement from President Bush of the Western Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande as to what action the financial backers of the Gould system propose to take in the construction of the Winnemucca Northern or Boise-Winnemucca railroad connecting this city with the Western Pacific at Winnemucca, and giving western Idaho and eastern Oregon an outlet via that road to San Francisco. President Bush and his party recently completed a successful but unusually hard inspection trip over the proposed route of the Winnemucca Northern. The trip was necessary, however, to determine what action would be taken with reference to building it. There is every reason to believe that the building of this road will mean the rapid development of a vast interior country.

The purpose of the recent visit of President Bush and his party to California, prior to arrival here, be-

came known here today, when information was received from Sacramento to that the Oakland, Antioch & Eastern railroad applied to the commissioners of that city for a franchise that will connect it with the Western Pacific and allow these lines jointly to compete with the Southern Pacific for freight transportation between that point and Oakland. The application for the franchise was made by Lester J. Hinsdale, an attorney representing both companies. Under the traffic agreement the Western Pacific proposes to route all its overland trains from Sacramento to San Francisco over the Oakland-Antioch electric line and haul them by electric motor. The franchise provides for a double, broad-gauge standard track with electric equipment to be operated on electric equipment. It will also enable the latter road to effect direct connection of eastern-bound passengers to the Western Pacific.

This information coupled with President Bush's announcement here and at Salt Lake, where he declared the largest shops in the entire Gould system would be built, the coal production of Utah would be increased and 325 miles of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad would be electrified, is taken to indicate that the Gould system is laying extensive plans for the invasion of new territory in the west, and that several millions of dollars will be spent to construct extensive feeders and place both the Denver & Rio Grande and the Western Pacific on a much firmer basis.

While President Bush did not announce here when the backers of the Gould system would reach a decision on the final action that will be taken toward the construction of the Winnemucca Northern, information has reached here that it may be expected within a comparatively short time and that it will probably be favorable to the construction of the road.

LEAGUE HEARS LECTURE.

Tooele, Nov. 19.—The Parents' and Teachers' league was addressed last night at its regular meeting by E. J. Milne of the State Juvenile court commission. A large audience listened to an able address on the subject of "The Boy." Besides the speech, three well rendered musical numbers were given by S. N. Lee, Miss Kate Gillespie and Mr. Hyrum Lee, with Miss Rebecca Atkins as accompanist. These meetings, held bi-weekly, are attracting much attention and are doing much to bring about a closer cooperation of the parents and teachers of Tooele. Principal B. A. Fowler of the high school is at the head of the committee on program and arrangements.

CUMMINGS HELD AS BLACKHANDER

Salt Lake, Nov. 20.—W. L. Cummings, arrested last July by federal authorities, charged with sending blackhand letters through the mails, was indicted by the federal grand jury yesterday. Two indictments were brought against Cummings, one in the case of a blackhand letter which he is alleged to have sent Miss Dorothy Bamberger on July 13, demanding \$1000, and the other in the case of a letter which he is alleged to have sent to Miss May Donohue, on July 17, also demanding \$1000. Cummings' arrest last July was made by J. Gaylord, a private detective, who had traced Cummings to a local machinery shop, where it was said he was about to purchase material for the construction of an internal machine.

When brought before the United States marshal and the United States commissioner, Cummings admitted a part in sending the letters, but he implicated a man by the name of E. A. Burge, who, he declared, instigated the work. Burge was not found by the local authorities.

Cummings admitted writing the letters on a typewriter and drawing the diagram of an internal machine in the shape of a suit case containing nitroglycerin and batteries with which to touch the explosives off. Cummings testified that he was forced to write the letters, at the point of a gun in the hands of Burge.

It was believed at the time of the arrest that Cummings might have become associated with Burge for the purpose of getting funds for the perfection of an automatic clearance block signal for use on railroads. According to George Budd of the Morby Automatic Switch & Patent company, Cummings did have a plan for such a signal. It was believed that Cummings wrote the letters in Mr. Budd's office where he had access to a typewriter.

These indictments were the most important ones returned by the grand jury, which adjourned yesterday afternoon. The jury was organized on November 19 and had to decide on fifteen alleged violations of the statutes of the United States. Seven indictments were made and eight alleged violations were ignored. Of the seven indictments, bench warrants have yet to be served on the persons involved in four of the cases. Besides the indictments against Cummings, the one made public yesterday was of Frank and Nick Soter of Midvale, who were alleged to have stolen from a D. & R. G. freight car nineteen pairs of shoes on October 5 last.

SARAH BRYAN DEAD.

Tooele, Nov. 19.—Mrs. Sarah Murray Bryan died last evening as a result of a complication of illness. She leaves a two-week-old child and five other children under the age of 12 years.

Mrs. Bryan was the wife of Joseph Bryan of this city and daughter of Alexander Murray of Lincoln, who also survives his daughter. Mrs. Barbara Winsor of Enterprise, Utah; Mrs. Agnes England and Mrs. Tennie Sagers of Tooele, Mrs. Maggie Smart of Lincoln, Isabel and Robert Murray of Lincoln are the immediate relatives.

OGDEN SCHOOL PLAN OF ORGANIZATION IS APPROVED

Professor Milton Bennion, head of the state school of education of the University of Utah, has written to Superintendent J. M. Mills, approving the plan of organization in the Ogden school system as in line with the best educational thought of the day. His comments on some of the matters of organization follow:

Six-Year High School Course. Prominent educators have long advocated a reconstruction of American elementary and secondary schools. The desire of Americans to require as much elementary education as possible of all children has led to the undue prolongation of purely elementary school studies and the attempt to hold budding youths in the elementary school with younger children at a time when they seek separation from childhood and are eager for new studies and new experiences. These are reasons why educators have suggested a "readjustment" by which the elementary school shall be shortened to six years and two years shall be added to the high school. A very significant objection to this plan has been that high schools have not been with in the reach of all children and therefore to make this change universal, would cut off two of the required years of schooling in districts where there are no high schools, while with the increase in knowledge and the development of a more and more complete education, it would naturally follow that we should add rather than subtract from the years of study required of all. The changes of recent years have led us to the conviction that it is now both possible and desirable to establish the elementary and secondary schools on the basis of six years each.

High schools are very rapidly being placed in the reach of every one. Many of the smaller towns are not able to maintain a complete high school. These towns are, however, putting in a ninth grade, or ninth and tenth grades. By dividing the six years high school into a junior high school and a senior high school of three years each, most of these small towns could maintain a well equipped junior high school, every city of the first or second class and every county could afford to maintain at least one senior high school. Thus a complete high school education would be placed within easy reach of everyone, all could complete the junior high school without leaving away from home. There would be no need of industrial schools, or the like. This, with the stimulus of secondary school studies and methods would keep most of the boys and girls in school until they have completed ninth grade, whereas many now leave school before they get to the eighth grade.

Introduction of Industrial Subjects. A further reason for this readjustment of schools is the fact that industrial subjects have been put into the seventh and eighth grades. This is, doubtless, a very desirable change, but it requires special equipment and special teachers to carry out the plan successfully. Teachers and equipment for the same studies are required in high school. Can the people afford to thus duplicate apparatus and teaching force for industrial subjects? Whatever they can afford to do, it is evidently bad business policy for them to do so when it is not necessary. Any attempt to duplicate unnecessarily is sure to result in lower efficiency; and economy and efficiency are of as much consequence in school administration as in any other business.

Another advantage to be derived from the establishment of the junior high school is that it will offer to prospective college students, and others, a chance to begin foreign language study early. There is a growing demand for modern foreign languages, and especially for German. To acquire a ready working knowledge of foreign language it must be begun early. It is much more economical for a person to spend his early teens in getting an elementary knowledge of languages than it is to postpone this task to later years.

Credits For Home Work. The experiment that is being tried in the junior high schools of Ogden of requiring six units of work per year; one unit of which may be home work and one unit industrial subjects, is typical of the new spirit in education. Industrial subjects are designed to stimulate home and other manual activities. In most homes this help is much needed, and parents are often overburdened with it while the boys and girls are too busy with their books, school sports, and social affairs to render any help in the every day work of the home. To allow this sort of thing to go on is not alone detrimental to the welfare of parents, it is much more harmful to the moral welfare of youth. Unless the young learn to willingly cooperate with their parents in carrying the daily load of home work, they fail to get the basis of all social responsibility. To carry out this plan directions are sent to parents, and they are made responsible for reports on the amount and quality of the work done. If these reports are not satisfactory, the pupil must do another unit of school work, or fail. If agreeable to parents, private music lessons with the necessary practice, may be credited on this account.

The plan adopted in Ogden appeals to us as a good one. We commend it to those who have not tried the system of home credits; and also to those who have adopted the plan of giving holidays on account of home work. This is to assume that it is a privilege to stay away from school, whereas, if the school is properly taught, it should be a privilege to be here. It may frequently happen, too, that some of those who can least afford to miss a day of school will be out mistakenly, but lawfully, enjoying their reward.

HUERTA MISJUDGED, ENGINEER DECLARES

Salt Lake, Nov. 20.—Huerta, the Mexican dictator, is misjudged in this country because people here do not understand the conditions in the troubled republic, declared J. K. Waite,

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Loin Chops the pound 15c
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Shoulder Chops, the pound 12 1/2c
French Chops, the pound 20c

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lately connected with the National railway of Mexico as district engineer, who arrived in Salt Lake City yesterday, and is registered in the Moxum hotel. Discussing the situation in the lobby of the hotel yesterday afternoon, Mr. Waite said:

"I was with Huerta last summer during some of his successful campaigns and never met with a finer old fellow. He is in the neighborhood of 70 years old, and he understands the people of Mexico and the way to rule them. Huerta had excellent ideas of government, but he was way ahead of his time. He race down there requires building up and educating, and that is what will eventually make the country, but in the meanwhile the natives must understand that if they disobey orders they will be killed. That is the only way to get obedience."

"I went to Mexico in 1907, and was in business there until the last war broke out and turned everything upside down. I was then connected with the railroad company until last June, when I left for the United States. I have been in New York and Chicago most of the time since then until I came here. My plans aren't outlined very far into the future now, and if I find a favorable opportunity may locate here in Utah."

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The Standard Skin Remedy
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Darkens Beautifully and Restores Its Thickness and Lustre at Once.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant; remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large bottle, at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant and you appear years younger. Agents, A. R. McIntyre.

GLASS OF SALTS CLEANS KIDNEYS

If your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you, drink lots of water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—You can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.—Advertisement.

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